

Sickleweed

Falcaria vulgaris

Description

Habit

Perennial forb, erect, deep taproot and reaching a height of 1-2 ft. tall.

Leaves

Alternate, simple (basal leaves), mostly pinnate with 3-5 segments, leathery, leaf edges serrated with sickle-shaped leaflets, toothed margins; lower leaves have petiole, upper leaves sessile.

Stems

Erect, grooved, branched and solid; growing up to 1-2 ft. tall.

Flowers

Compound umbel, 2-4 in. wide, small, white in color, 5 separated petals; blooms from June to





August.

Fruits and Seeds

Achene, yellowish-brown, oblong, glabrous, slightly compressed, 2-5 mm. long.

Habitat

Native to Eurasia. Found in riverbanks, forest clearings, dry grasslands, waste places, roadsides, ditches, fallow land, and meadows.

Reproduction

By seed and vegetatively via root fragments.

Similar

Queen Anne's lace (*Daucus carota*).

Monitoring and Rapid Response

Credits

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